- (1) The number and scope of distinct performance improvement projects conducted annually, based on the needs of the hospice's population and internal organizational needs, must reflect the scope, complexity, and past performance of the hospice's services and operations.
- (2) The hospice must document what performance improvement projects are being conducted, the reasons for conducting these projects, and the measurable progress achieved on these projects.
- (e) Standard: Executive responsibilities. The hospice's governing body is responsible for ensuring the following:
- (1) That an ongoing program for quality improvement and patient safety is defined, implemented, and maintained, and is evaluated annually.
- (2) That the hospice-wide quality assessment and performance improvement efforts address priorities for improved quality of care and patient safety, and that all improvement actions are evaluated for effectiveness.
- (3) That one or more individual(s) who are responsible for operating the quality assessment and performance improvement program are designated.

## § 418.60 Condition of participation: Infection control.

The hospice must maintain and document an effective infection control program that protects patients, families, visitors, and hospice personnel by preventing and controlling infections and communicable diseases.

- (a) Standard: Prevention. The hospice must follow accepted standards of practice to prevent the transmission of infections and communicable diseases, including the use of standard precautions.
- (b) Standard: Control. The hospice must maintain a coordinated agencywide program for the surveillance, identification, prevention, control, and investigation of infectious and communicable diseases that—
- (1) Is an integral part of the hospice's quality assessment and performance improvement program; and
  - (2) Includes the following:
- (i) A method of identifying infectious and communicable disease problems; and

- (ii) A plan for implementing the appropriate actions that are expected to result in improvement and disease prevention.
- (c) Standard: Education. The hospice must provide infection control education to employees, contracted providers, patients, and family members and other caregivers.

# §418.62 Condition of participation: Licensed professional services.

- (a) Licensed professional services provided directly or under arrangement must be authorized, delivered, and supervised only by health care professionals who meet the appropriate qualifications specified under §418.114 and who practice under the hospice's policies and procedures.
- (b) Licensed professionals must actively participate in the coordination of all aspects of the patient's hospice care, in accordance with current professional standards and practice, including participating in ongoing interdisciplinary comprehensive assessments, developing and evaluating the plan of care, and contributing to patient and family counseling and education; and
- (c) Licensed professionals must participate in the hospice's quality assessment and performance improvement program and hospice sponsored in-service training.

#### CORE SERVICES

### § 418.64 Condition of participation:

A hospice must routinely provide substantially all core services directly by hospice employees. These services must be provided in a manner consistent with acceptable standards of practice. These services include nursing services, medical social services, and counseling. The hospice may contract for physician services as specified in paragraph (a) of this section. A hospice may use contracted staff, if necessary, to supplement hospice employees in order to meet the needs of patients under extraordinary or other non-routine circumstances. A hospice may also enter into a written arrangement with another Medicare certified hospice program for the provision of

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core services to supplement hospice employee/staff to meet the needs of patients. Circumstances under which a hospice may enter into a written arrangement for the provision of core services include: Unanticipated periods of high patient loads, staffing shortages due to illness or other short-term temporary situations that interrupt patient care; and temporary travel of a patient outside of the hospice's service area.

- (a) Standard: Physician services. The hospice medical director, physician employees, and contracted physician(s) of the hospice, in conjunction with the patient's attending physician, are responsible for the palliation and management of the terminal illness and conditions related to the terminal illness
- (1) All physician employees and those under contract, must function under the supervision of the hospice medical director.
- (2) All physician employees and those under contract shall meet this requirement by either providing the services directly or through coordinating patient care with the attending physician
- (3) If the attending physician is unavailable, the medical director, contracted physician, and/or hospice physician employee is responsible for meeting the medical needs of the patient.
- (b) Standard: Nursing services. (1) The hospice must provide nursing care and services by or under the supervision of a registered nurse. Nursing services must ensure that the nursing needs of the patient are met as identified in the patient's initial assessment, comprehensive assessment, and updated assessments.
- (2) If State law permits registered nurses to see, treat, and write orders for patients, then registered nurses may provide services to beneficiaries receiving hospice care.
- (3) Highly specialized nursing services that are provided so infrequently that the provision of such services by direct hospice employees would be impracticable and prohibitively expensive, may be provided under contract.
- (c) Standard: Medical social services. Medical social services must be pro-

vided by a qualified social worker, under the direction of a physician. Social work services must be based on the patient's psychosocial assessment and the patient's and family's needs and acceptance of these services.

- (d) Standard: Counseling services. Counseling services must be available to the patient and family to assist the patient and family in minimizing the stress and problems that arise from the terminal illness, related conditions, and the dying process. Counseling services must include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) Bereavement counseling. The hospice must:
- (i) Have an organized program for the provision of bereavement services furnished under the supervision of a qualified professional with experience or education in grief or loss counseling.
- (ii) Make bereavement services available to the family and other individuals in the bereavement plan of care up to 1 year following the death of the patient. Bereavement counseling also extends to residents of a SNF/NF or ICF/MR when appropriate and identified in the bereavement plan of care.
- (iii) Ensure that bereavement services reflect the needs of the bereaved.
- (iv) Develop a bereavement plan of care that notes the kind of bereavement services to be offered and the frequency of service delivery. A special coverage provision for bereavement counseling is specified in §418.204(c).
- (2) Dietary counseling. Dietary counseling, when identified in the plan of care, must be performed by a qualified individual, which include dietitians as well as nurses and other individuals who are able to address and assure that the dietary needs of the patient are met.
- (3) Spiritual counseling. The hospice must:
- (i) Provide an assessment of the patient's and family's spiritual needs.
- (ii) Provide spiritual counseling to meet these needs in accordance with the patient's and family's acceptance of this service, and in a manner consistent with patient and family beliefs and desires.
- (iii) Make all reasonable efforts to facilitate visits by local clergy, pastoral counselors, or other individuals who

can support the patient's spiritual needs to the best of its ability.

(iv) Advise the patient and family of this service.

#### § 418.66 Condition of participation: Nursing services—Waiver of requirement that substantially all nursing services be routinely provided directly by a hospice.

- (a) CMS may waive the requirement in §418.64(b) that a hospice provide nursing services directly, if the hospice is located in a non-urbanized area. The location of a hospice that operates in several areas is considered to be the location of its central office. The hospice must provide evidence to CMS that it has made a good faith effort to hire a sufficient number of nurses to provide services. CMS may waive the requirement that nursing services be furnished by employees based on the following criteria:
- (1) The location of the hospice's central office is in a non-urbanized area as determined by the Bureau of the Census.
- (2) There is evidence that a hospice was operational on or before January 1, 1983 including the following:
- (i) Proof that the organization was established to provide hospice services on or before January 1, 1983.
- (ii) Evidence that hospice-type services were furnished to patients on or before January 1, 1983.
- (iii) Evidence that hospice care was a discrete activity rather than an aspect of another type of provider's patient care program on or before January 1, 1983.
- (3) By virtue of the following evidence that a hospice made a good faith effort to hire nurses:
- (i) Copies of advertisements in local newspapers that demonstrate recruitment efforts.
- (ii) Job descriptions for nurse employees.
- (iii) Evidence that salary and benefits are competitive for the area.
- (iv) Evidence of any other recruiting activities (for example, recruiting efforts at health fairs and contacts with nurses at other providers in the area).
- (b) Any waiver request is deemed to be granted unless it is denied within 60 days after it is received.

- (c) Waivers will remain effective for 1 year at a time from the date of the request.
- (d) If a hospice wishes to receive a 1-year extension, it must submit a request to CMS before the expiration of the waiver period, and certify that the conditions under which it originally requested the initial waiver have not changed since the initial waiver was granted.

#### NON-CORE SERVICES

#### § 418.70 Condition of participation: Furnishing of non-core services.

A hospice must ensure that the services described in §418.72 through §418.78 are provided directly by the hospice or under arrangements made by the hospice as specified in §418.100. These services must be provided in a manner consistent with current standards of practice.

#### § 418.72 Condition of participation: Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech-language pathology.

Physical therapy services, occupational therapy services, and speech-language pathology services must be available, and when provided, offered in a manner consistent with accepted standards of practice.

# §418.74 Waiver of requirement—Physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and dietary counseling.

(a) A hospice located in a non-urbanized area may submit a written request for a waiver of the requirement for providing physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and dietary counseling services. The hospice may seek a waiver of the requirement that it make physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and dietary counseling services (as needed) available on a 24-hour basis. The hospice may also seek a waiver of the requirement that it provide dietary counseling directly. The hospice must provide evidence that it has made a good faith effort to meet the requirements for these services before it seeks a waiver. CMS may approve a waiver application on the basis of the following criteria: